FBI Tor Overview

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What are we talking about?

- Crash course on anonymous communications
- Quick overview of Tor
- Quick overview of Tor Hidden Services
- Future directions

The Tor Project, Inc.

501(c)(3) non-profit organization dedicated to the research and development of technologies for online anonymity and privacy

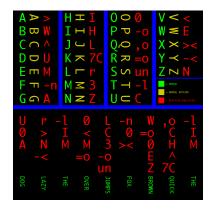


What is anonymity?



Anonymity isn't cryptography

- Cryptography protects the contents in transit
- You still know who is talking to whom, how often, and how much data is sent.



Anonymity isn't steganography

Attacker can tell Alice is talking to someone, how often, and how much data is sent.



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- "I didn't write my name on it!" Not what we're talking about.
- "Isn't the Internet already anonymous?" Nope!

Anonymous communication

- People have to hide in a crowd of other people ("anonymity loves company")
- The goal of the system is to make all users look as similar as possible, to give a bigger crowd
- Hide who is communicating with whom
- Layered encryption and random delays hide correlation between input traffic and output traffic

Low versus High-latency anonymous communication systems

- Tor is not the first system; ZKS, mixmaster, single-hop proxies, Crowds, Java Anon Proxy.
- Low-latency systems are vulnerable to end-to-end correlation attacks.
- High-latency systems are more resistant to end-to-end correlation attacks, but by definition, less interactive.

Low-latency systems are generally more attractive to today's user

- Interactive apps: web, instant messaging, VOIP, ssh, X11, cifs/nfs, video streaming (millions of users)
- Multi-hour delays: email, nntp, blog posting? (tens of thousands of users?)

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 - And if anonymity loves company...

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- increasingly diverse toolset:
 Tor, Tor Browser Bundle, Tails LiveCD, Tor Weather, Tor auto-responder, Secure Updater, Orbot, Torora, Tor Check, Arm, Nymble, Tor Control, and so on.

• VPN - Virtual Private Network, 1 to 1 connection, can redirect all traffic, generally encrypted

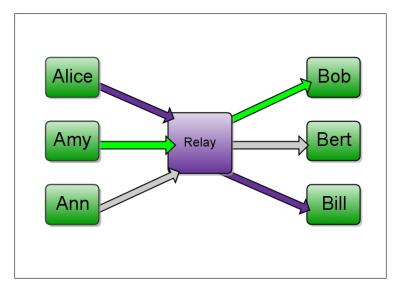
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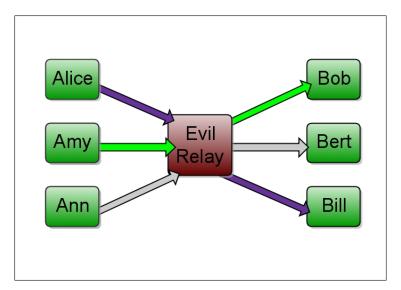
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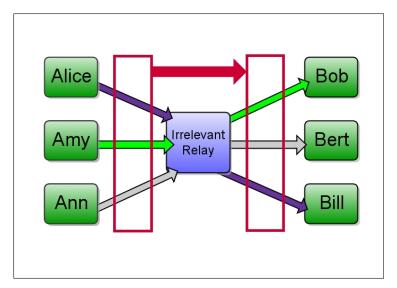
How is Tor different from other systems?

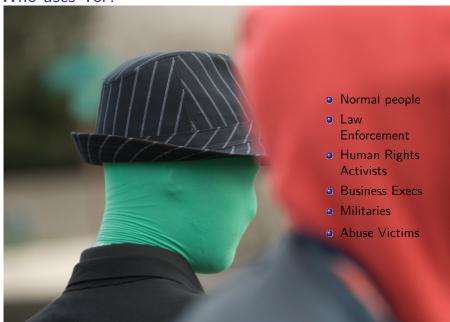


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Normal users
 linking sensitive information to their current identities, online advertising networks, search engines, censorship circumvention

 Law enforcement accidental disclosure to targets, family and friend concerns, separating work from home life

Rights Activists
 Personal safety, family safety, narrowly-defined publicity, censorship circumvention

Who uses Tor?

 Business Execs separating work from home life, competitor research, censorship circumvention

Who uses Tor?

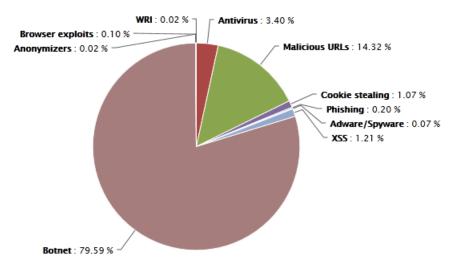
Abuse Victims and Survivors
 complete separation of past abuse and current life, finding help and
 safety, need to help others anonymously

Who uses Tor?

Militaries
 intelligence gathering, separating work from home life, other activities

You missed a use case

Security Blocks per category



estimated 400k to 800k daily users Andrew Lewman andrew@torproject.org () FBI Tor Overview January 17, 2012

Tor hides communication patterns by relaying data through volunteer servers

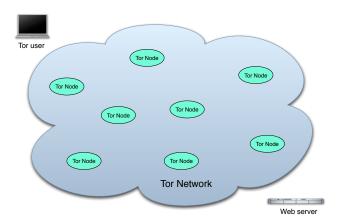


Diagram: Robert Watson

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Tor hides communication patterns by relaying data through volunteer servers

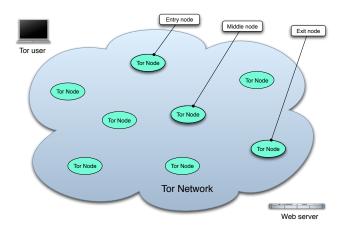


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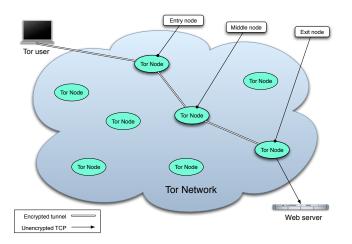


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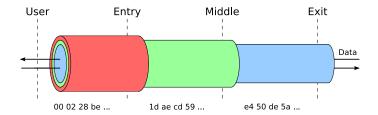
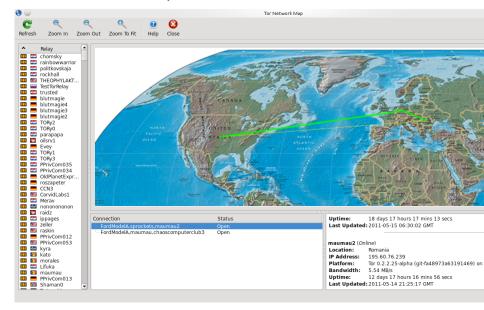


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Vidalia Network Map



Metrics

- Measuring metrics anonymously
- NSF grant to find out
- Archive of hourly consensus, ExoneraTor, VisiTor
- Metrics portal:

https://metrics.torproject.org/

Tor hidden services allow privacy enhanced hosting of

services



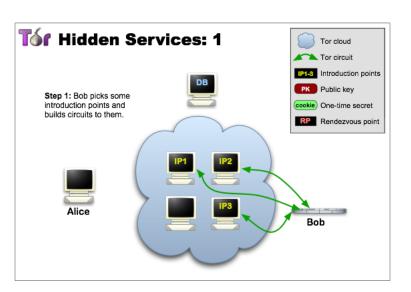
The Federalist

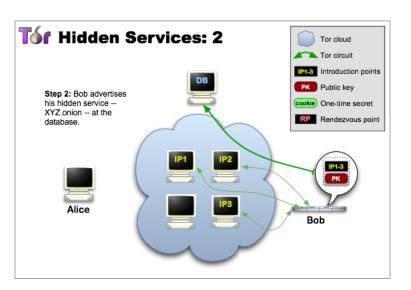
The text of this version is primarily taken from the first collected 1788 "McLean edition", but spelling and punctuati errors – mainly printer's lapses – have been corrected. The main heads have also been taken from that edition and something like "The Same Subject Continued" we have repeated the previous heading and appended "(continued)", have been guided by the excellent edition by Jacob E. Cooke, Wesleyan University Press, 1961. The footnotes are the edition used a variety of special typographical symbols for superscripts, we use numerals. Editors's footnotes are in original typography used for emphasis, such as all caps or italics, has been used here. We have tried to identify the

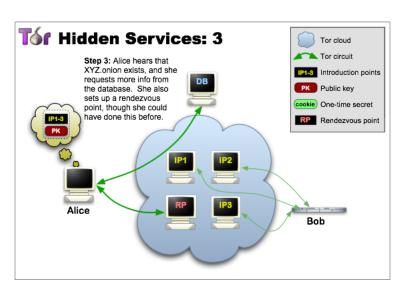
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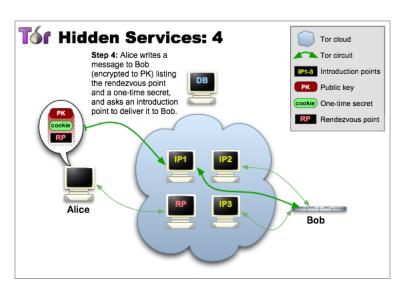


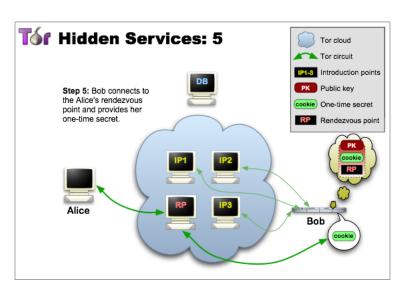
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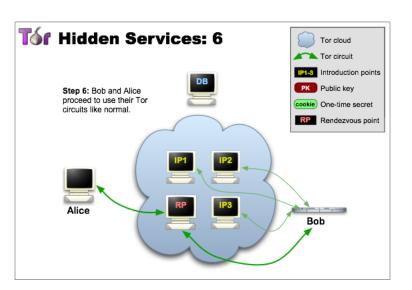














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- www.decloak.net is a fine test

Mobile Operating Systems

- Entirely new set of challenges for something designed to know where you are at all times.
- Orbot: Tor on Android. https://guardianproject.info/apps/
- Tor on iphone, maemo/meego, symbian, etc
- Tor on Windows Mobile, http://www.gsmk.de as an example.
- Guardian Project, https://guardianproject.info/

Next steps

Visit https://www.torproject.org/ for more information, links, and ideas.

Credits & Thanks

- who uses tor? http://www.flickr.com/photos/mattw/2336507468/siz, Matt Westervelt, CC-BY-SA.
- danger!, http://flickr.com/photos/hmvh/58185411/sizes/o/, hmvh, CC-BY-SA.
- 500k, http: //www.flickr.com/photos/lukaskracic/334850378/sizes/l/, Luka Skracic, used with permission.